filed within 30 days after the ALJ denies the motion or issues a revised initial decision, whichever applies.

- (3) The authority head may extend the initial 30-day period for an additional 30 days if the defendant files with the authority head a request for an extension within the initial 30-day period and shows good cause.
- (c) If the defendant files a timely notice of appeal with the authority head and the time for filing motions for reconsideration under §1013.38 of this part has expired, the ALJ shall forward the record of the proceeding to the authority head.
- (d) A notice of appeal shall be accompanied by a written brief specifying exceptions to the initial decision and reasons supporting the exceptions.
- (e) The representative for the Government may file a brief in opposition to exceptions within 30 days of receiving the notice of appeal and accompanying brief.
- (f) There is no right to appear personally before the authority head.
- (g) There is no right to appeal any interlocutory ruling by the ALJ.
- (h) In reviewing the initial decision, the authority head shall not consider any objection that was not raised before the ALJ unless a demonstration is made of extraordinary circumstances causing the failure to raise the objection.
- (i) If any party demonstrates to the satisfaction of the authority head that additional evidence not presented at such hearing is material and that there were reasonable grounds for the failure to present such evidence at such hearing, the authority head shall remand the matter to the ALJ for consideration of such additional evidence.
- (j) The authority head may affirm, reduce, reverse, compromise, remand, or settle any penalty or assessment determined by the ALJ in any initial decision.
- (k) The authority head shall promptly serve each party to the appeal with a copy of the decision of the authority head and a statement describing the right of any person determined to be liable for a penalty or an assessment to seek judicial review.
- (1) Unless a petition for review is filed as provided in 31 U.S.C. 3805 after

a defendant has exhausted all administrative remedies under this part and within 60 days after the date on which the authority head serves the defendant with a copy of the authority head's decision, a determination that a defendant is liable under §1013.3 of this part is final and is not subject to judicial review.

## § 1013.40 Stays ordered by the Department of Justice.

If at any time the Attorney General or an Assistant Attorney General designated by the Attorney General transmits to the authority head a written finding that continuation of the administrative process described in this part with respect to a claim or statement may adversely affect any pending or potential criminal or civil action related to such claim or statement, the authority head shall stay the process immediately. The authority head may order the process resumed only upon receipt of the written authorization of the Attorney General.

#### § 1013.41 Stay pending appeal.

- (a) An initial decision is stayed automatically pending disposition of a motion for reconsideration or of an appeal to the authority head.
- (b) No administrative stay is available following a final decision of the authority head.

### § 1013.42 Judicial review.

Section 3805 of title 31, United States Code, authorizes judicial review by an appropriate United States District Court of a final decision of the authority head imposing penalties or assessments under this part and specifies the procedures for such review.

### § 1013.43 Collection of civil penalties and assessments.

Sections 3806 and 3808(b) of title 31, United States Code, authorizes actions for collection of civil penalties and assessments imposed under this part and specify the procedures for such actions.

#### § 1013.44 Right to administrative offset.

The amount of any penalty or assessment which has become final, or for which a judgment has been entered

### § 1013.45

under §1013.42 or §1013.43 of this part, or any amount agreed upon in a compromise or settlement under §1013.46 of this part, may be collected by administrative offset under 31 U.S.C. 3716, except that an administrative offset may not be made under this subsection against a refund of an overpayment of Federal taxes, then or later owing by the United States to the defendant.

# § 1013.45 Deposit in Treasury of United States.

All amounts collected pursuant to this part shall be deposited as miscellaneous receipts in the Treasury of the United States, except as provided in 31 U.S.C. 3806(g).

#### § 1013.46 Compromise or settlement.

- (a) Parties may make offers of compromise or settlement at any time.
- (b) The reviewing official has the exclusive authority to compromise or settle a case under this part at any time after the date on which the reviewing official is permitted to issue a complaint and before the date on which the ALJ issues an initial decision.
- (c) The authority head has exclusive authority to compromise or settle a case under this part at any time after the date on which the ALJ issues an initial decision, except during the pendency of any review under §1013.42 of this part or during the pendency of any action to collect penalties and assessments under §1013.43 of this part.
- (d) The Attorney General has exclusive authority to compromise or settle a case under this part during the pendency of any review under \$1013.42 of this part or of any action to recover penalties and assessments under 31 U.S.C. 3806.
- (e) The investigating official may recommend settlement terms to the reviewing official, the authority head, or the Attorney General, as appropriate. The reviewing official may recommend settlement terms to the authority head, or the Attorney General, as appropriate.
- (f) Any compromise or settlement must be in writing.

### § 1013.47 Limitations.

(a) The notice of hearing with respect to a claim or statement must be served in the manner specified in §1013.8 of this part within 6 years after the date on which such claim or statement is made.

- (b) If the defendant fails to file a timely answer, service of notice under §1013.10(b) of this part shall be deemed a notice of a hearing for purposes of this section.
- (c) The statute of limitations may be extended by agreement of the parties.

# PART 1014—ADMINISTRATIVE CLAIMS UNDER FEDERAL TORT CLAIMS ACT

Sec.

1014.1 Scope of regulations.

1014.2 Administrative claim; when presented; appropriate office.

1014.3 Administrative claim; who may file.

 $1014.4\,$  Administrative claims; evidence and information to be submitted.

1014.5 Authority to adjust, determine, compromise, and settle.

1014.6 Limitation on authority.

1014.7 Referral to Department of Justice.

1014.8 Investigation and examination.

1014.9 Final denial of claim.

1014.10 Action on approved claims.

1014.11 Penalties.

AUTHORITY: Sec. 1(a), 80 Stat. 306, (28 U.S.C. 2672); 28 CFR part 14; sec. 644, Pub. L. 95-91, 91 Stat. 599, (42 U.S.C. 7254).

Source: 45 FR 7768, Feb. 4, 1980, unless otherwise noted.

### § 1014.1 Scope of regulations.

- (a) These regulations shall apply only to claims asserted under the Federal Tort Claims Act, as amended, accruing on or after January 18, 1967, for money damages against the United States for injury to, or loss of, property or personal injury or death caused by the negligent or wrongful act or omission of any employee of the Department of Energy (DOE) while acting within the scope of office or employment.
- (b) The terms *DOE*, *Department*, and *Department of Energy* as used in this part mean the agency established by the Department of Energy Organization Act (Pub. L. 95–91), 42 U.S.C. 7101, *et seq.*, including the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, but do not include any contractor of the Department.